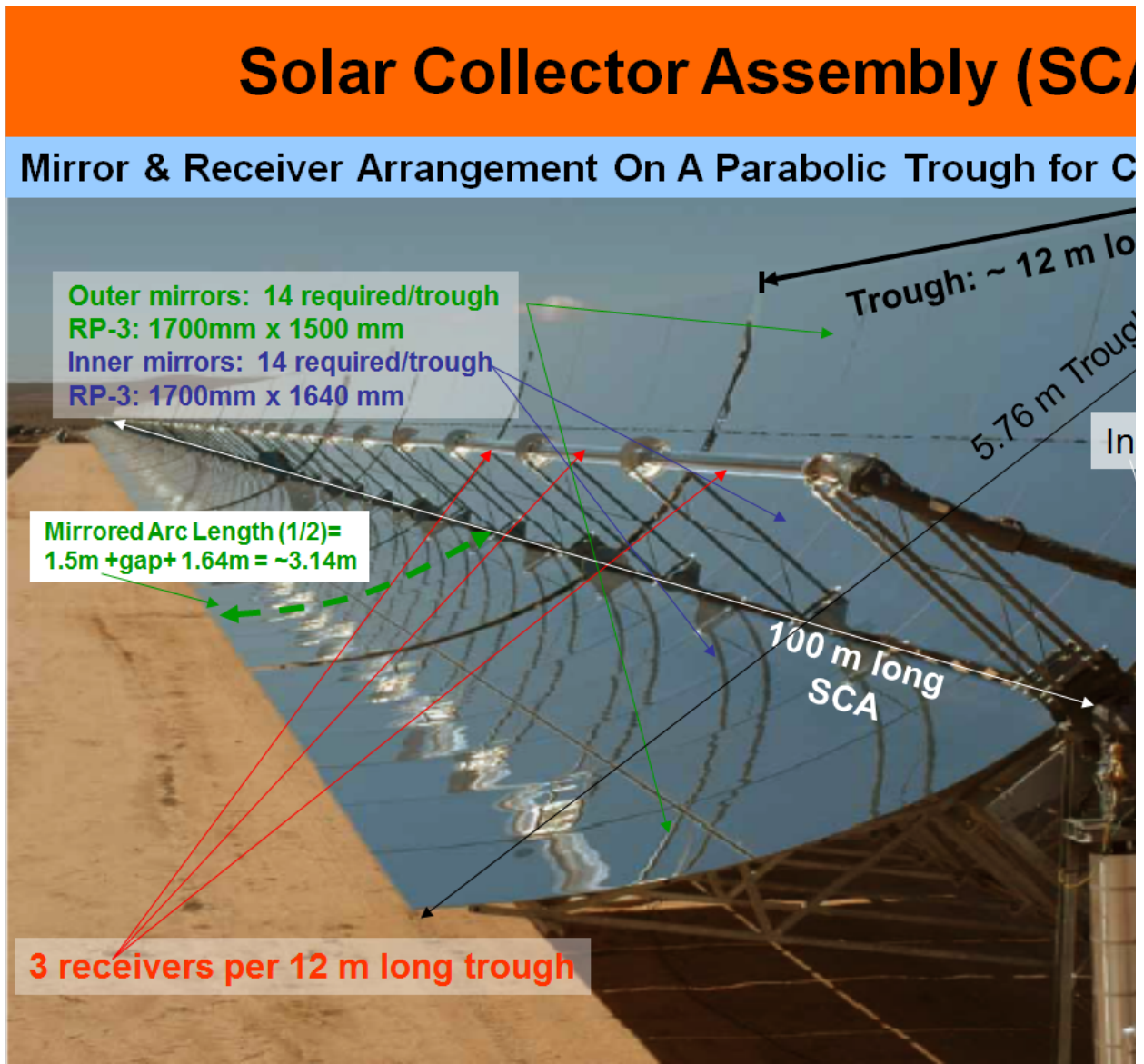


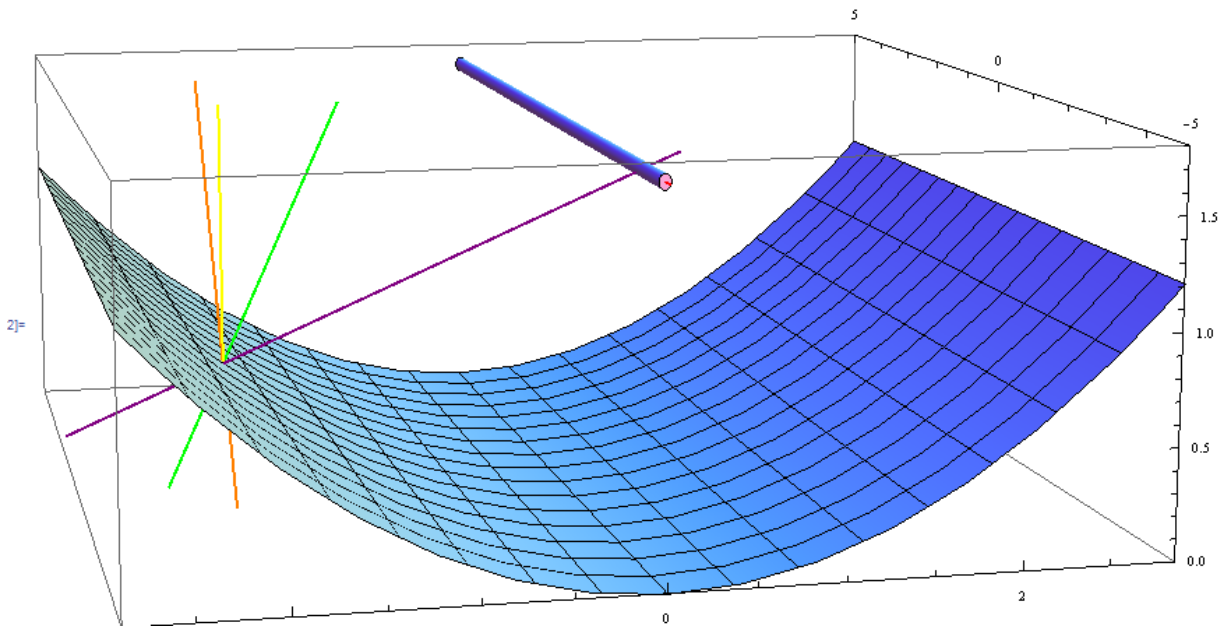
In[1]:=

Incoming solar ray traced to the receiver of a Solar Collector Assembly or SCA

In[2]:=



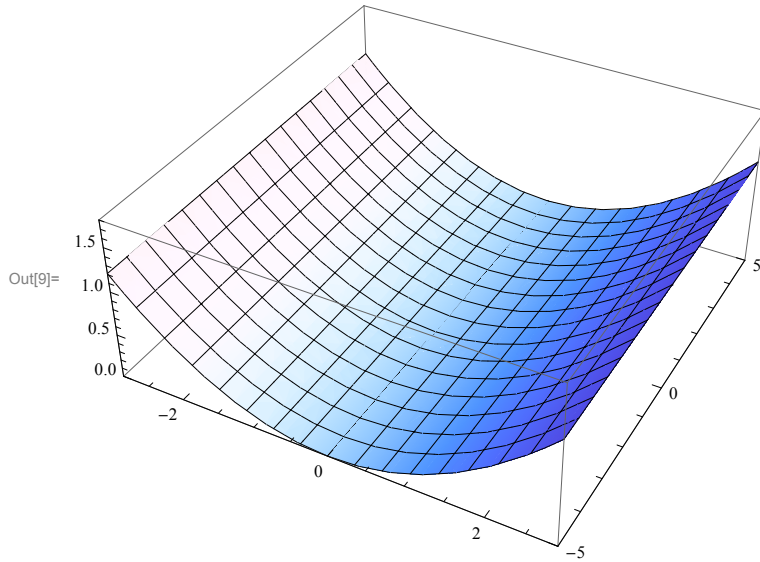
(* The objective is to show the incoming ray from the sun [orange color] reflected off the mirror trough [as the purple ray or line] at a point showing the local normal [the green line] and a line parallel to the z axis [the yellow line]. The long cylinder at the focal line is the receiver and as shown the receiver intercepts the purple ray.*)



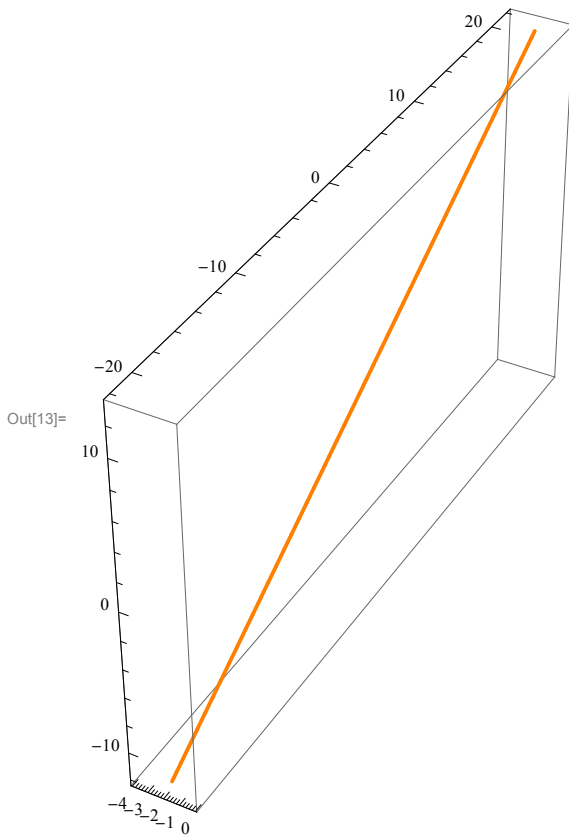
```

In[7]:= f = 1.71;
(*Trough=Plot3D[ $\frac{x^2}{4f}$ , {x, - $\frac{5.76}{2}$ ,  $\frac{5.76}{2}$ }, {y, - $\frac{5.76}{2}$ ,  $\frac{5.76}{2}$ },
  PlotRange->{{- $\frac{5.76}{2}$ ,  $\frac{5.76}{2}$ }, {- $\frac{5.76}{2}$ ,  $\frac{5.76}{2}$ }, {0, 1.8}}] *)
f = 1.71;
Trough = Plot3D[ $\frac{x^2}{4f}$ , {x, - $\frac{5.76}{2}$ ,  $\frac{5.76}{2}$ },
  {y, -5, 5}, PlotRange -> {{- $\frac{5.76}{2}$ ,  $\frac{5.76}{2}$ }, {-5, 5}, {0, 1.8}}]

```



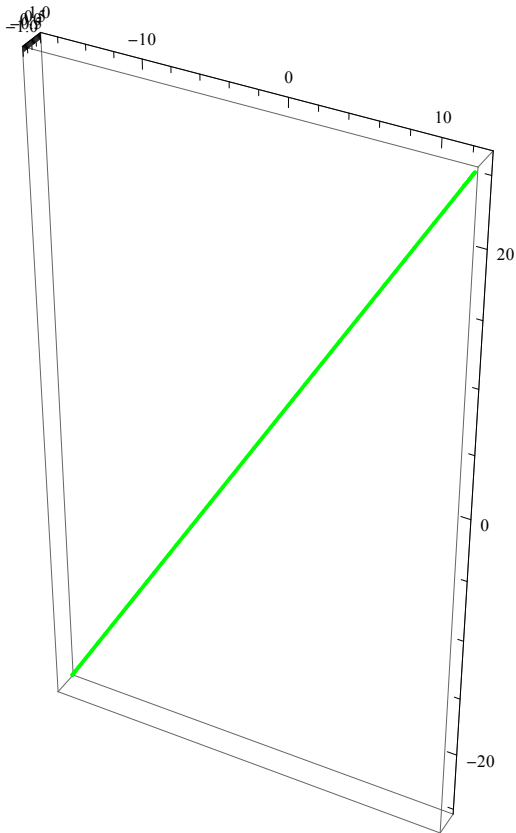
```
In[10]:= Clear[x, y, f,  $\theta$ ]
f = 1.71;  $\theta$  = 60; x = -2; y = 0;
r = {x, y,  $\frac{x^2}{4f}}$  + t {0, -Sin[ $\theta$  Degree], -Cos[ $\theta$  Degree]};
(*of the form [point + vector lengthened by t] *)
IncomingRay =
ParametricPlot3D[r, {t, -25, 25}, PlotStyle -> Directive[Thick, Orange]]
```



```

In[14]:= Clear[f, x0, α, θ, β, m, y0, x, y, z]
f = 1.71;
x = -2; y = 0; z =  $\frac{x^2}{4 f}$ ;
(*line is given by gradient of equation for plane: plane = p(x,y,z) = z -  $\frac{x^2}{4 f}$  ,
gradient = { $-\frac{x}{2 f}$ , 0, 1}*)
normal = {x, y, z} + t { $-\frac{x}{2 f}$ , 0, 1};
NormalLine = ParametricPlot3D[normal, {t, -25, 25}, PlotStyle -> {Thick, Green}]

```

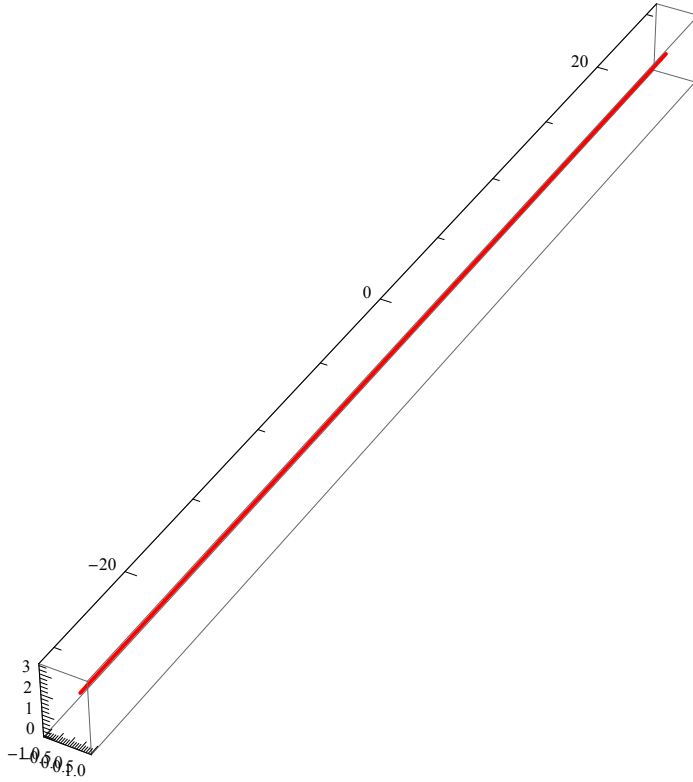


Out[18]=

```
In[19]:= Clear[x, y, f,  $\theta$ ]  
f = 1.71; x = 0; y = 0; z = f;  
f1 = {x, y, z} + t {0, 1, 0}  
FocalLine = ParametricPlot3D[f1, {t, -25, 25}, PlotStyle -> Directive[Thick, Red]]
```

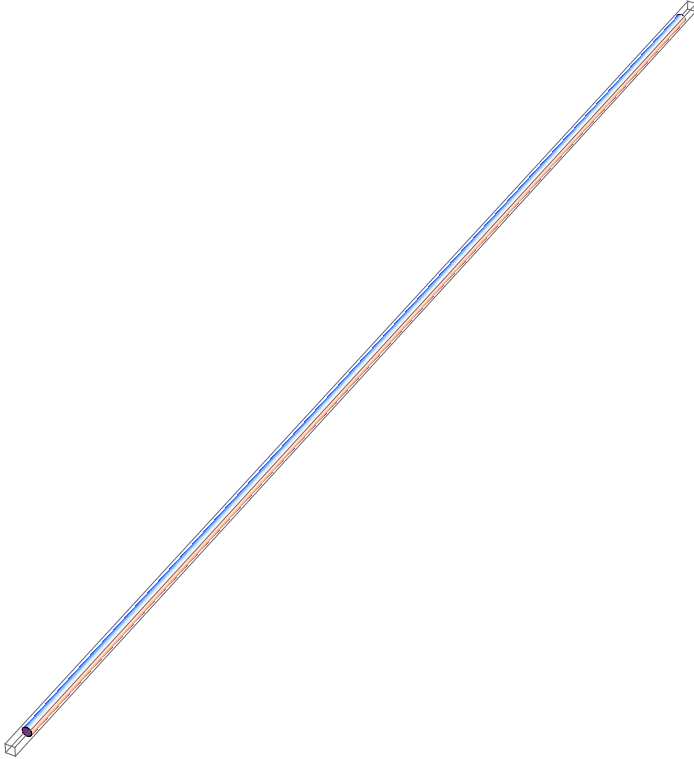
Out[21]= {0, t, 1.71}

Out[22]=



```
In[23]:= Clear[x, y, f,  $\theta$ ]
f = 1.71; x = 0; y = 0; z = f;
CylinderLine =
Graphics3D[Cylinder[{{x, y, z} - 4.8 {0, 1, 0}, {x, y, z} + 4.8 {0, 1, 0}},  $\frac{70}{1000}$   $\frac{1}{2}$ ]]
```

Out[25]=



In[26]=

```
(*See "H:\MATHEMATICA 2009\Equation of Plane.nb" for understanding
the solution below in which we solve for z in the final equation,
two methods are shown, one uses vectors other uses determinante,
both results were exactly the same and
plots of plane for both solution cases are shown.
```

```
See Schaum's Advanced Calculus, p. 149, #28 for detailed explanation*)
```

```
Clear[x, y, z, f,  $\theta$ , x0, y0]
```

```
vectorxyz = {x, y, z};
```

```
vectorP = {x0, y0,  $\frac{x0^2}{4f}$ };
```

```
vectorS = vectorP + {0, -Sin[ $\theta$  Degree], -Cos[ $\theta$  Degree]};
```

```
(*negativevectorN=vectorP+{- $\frac{x}{2f}$ , 0, 1}*)
```

```
negativevectorN = vectorP + {- $\frac{x0}{2f}$ , 0, 1};
```

```
In[31]= (* (vectorxyz-vectorP) .Cross[(vectorS-vectorP), (negativevectorN-vectorS)] *)
```

In[32]:= **zz = z /. Solve[(vectorxyz - vectorP) .**

Cross[(vectorS - vectorP), (negativevectorN - vectorS)] == 0, z]

$$\text{Out[32]} = \left\{ \frac{-8 f^2 x + 8 f^2 x_0 + x_0^3 + 4 f x_0 y \cot[\theta] - 4 f x_0 y_0 \cot[\theta]}{4 f x_0} \right\}$$

In[33]:= **(*Clear[x, y, z, f, \theta, x0, y0]**

vectorxyz={x, y, z}

vectorP={x0, y0, $\frac{x_0^2}{4 f}$ }

vectorS=vectorP+{0, -Sin[\theta Degree], -Cos[\theta Degree]}

(*negativevectorN=vectorP+{- $\frac{x}{2 f}$, 0, 1}*)

negativevectorN=vectorP+{- $\frac{x_0}{2 f}$, 0, 1}*)

In[34]:= **(*MatrixForm[Array[a, {3, 3}]]*)**

$$\text{In[35]} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} x - x_0 & y - y_0 & z - \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} \\ x_0 - x_0 & y_0 - (y_0 - \sin[\theta]) & \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} - \left(\frac{x_0^2}{4 f} - \cos[\theta] \right) \\ x_0 - \frac{x_0}{2 f} - x_0 & y_0 - y_0 & 1 + \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} - \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} \end{array} \right)$$

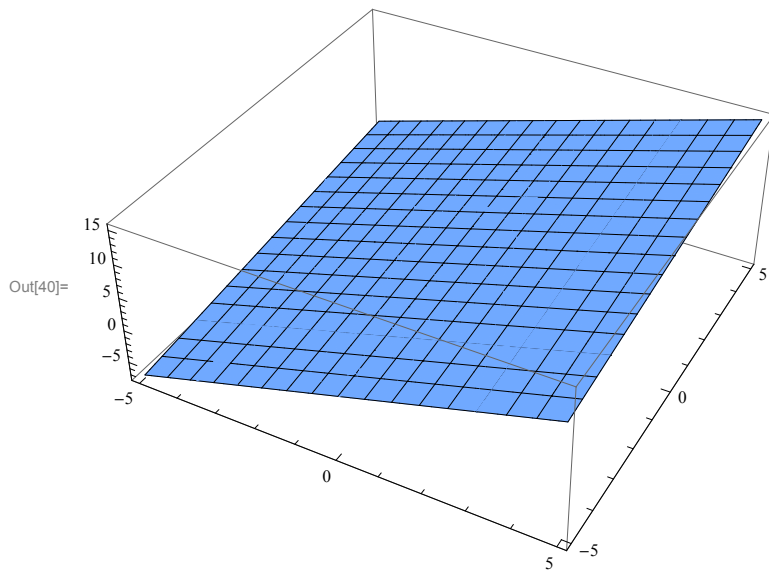
$$\text{Out[35]} = \left\{ \left\{ x - x_0, y - y_0, -\frac{x_0^2}{4 f} + z \right\}, \{0, \sin[\theta], \cos[\theta]\}, \left\{ -\frac{x_0}{2 f}, 0, 1 \right\} \right\}$$

In[36]:= **(*Clear[x, y, z, f, \theta, x0, y0]*)**

$$\text{(*Det} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} x - x_0 & y - y_0 & z - \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} \\ x_0 - x_0 & y_0 - (y_0 - \sin[\theta]) & \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} - \left(\frac{x_0^2}{4 f} - \cos[\theta] \right) \\ x_0 - \frac{x_0}{2 f} - x_0 & y_0 - y_0 & 1 + \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} - \frac{x_0^2}{4 f} \end{array} \right] *)$$

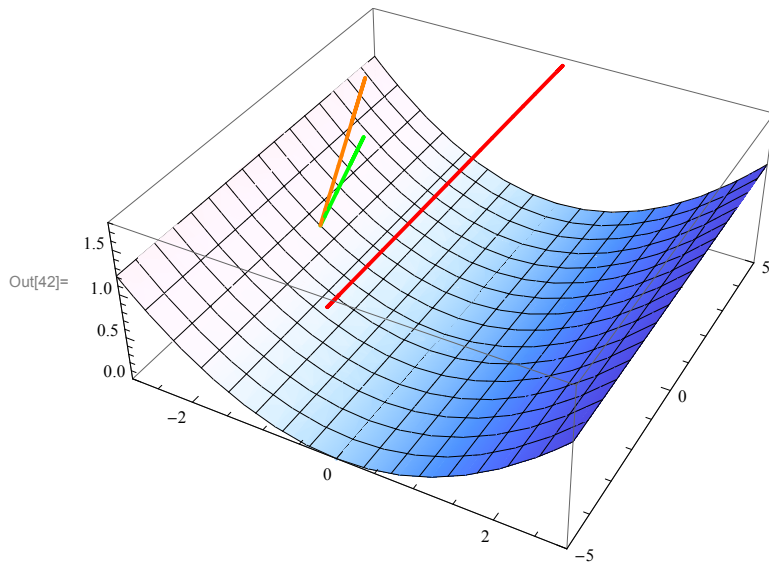
In[37]:= **(*Solve[- $\frac{x_0 y \cos[\theta]}{2 f} + \frac{x_0 y_0 \cos[\theta]}{2 f} + x \sin[\theta] - x_0 \sin[\theta] - \frac{x_0^3 \sin[\theta]}{8 f^2} + \frac{x_0 z \sin[\theta]}{2 f} == 0, z]*)$**

```
In[38]:= Clear[x, y, z, f,  $\theta$ , x0, y0]
f = 1.71;  $\theta$  = 60; x0 = -2; y0 = 0;
PlaneEquation = Plot3D[zz, {x, -5, 5}, {y, -5, 5}]
```

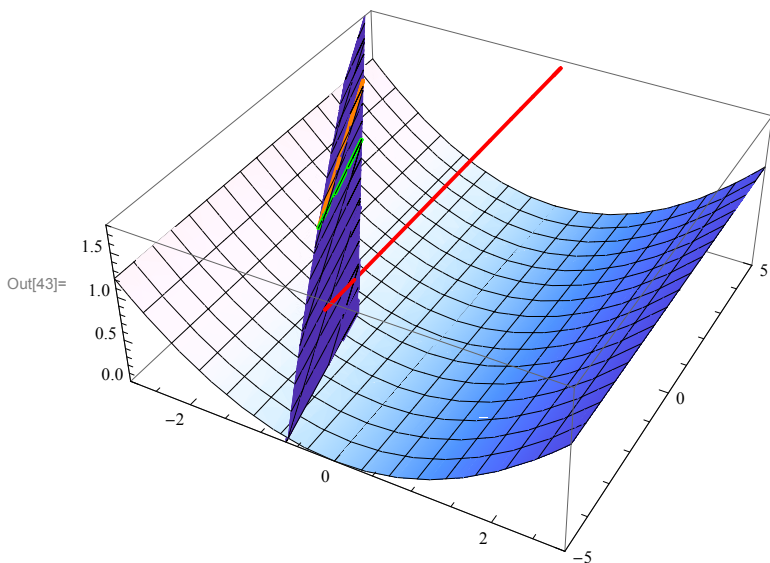


```
In[41]:= (*Clear[x,y,z,f, $\theta$ ,x0,y0]
f=1.71;  $\theta$ =60; x0=-2; y0=0;
PlaneEquationDetWay=
Plot3D[ $\frac{1}{4 f x0} \text{Csc}[\theta] (4 f x0 y \text{Cos}[\theta] - 4 f x0 y0 \text{Cos}[\theta] - 8 f^2 x \text{Sin}[\theta] + 8 f^2 x0 \text{Sin}[\theta] + x0^3 \text{Sin}[\theta])$ , {x,-5,5}, {y,0,10}]*)
```

```
In[42]:= Show[Trough, IncomingRay, FocalLine, NormalLine]
```




```
In[43]:= Show[Trough, IncomingRay, FocalLine, NormalLine, PlaneEquation]
```



```
In[44]:=
```

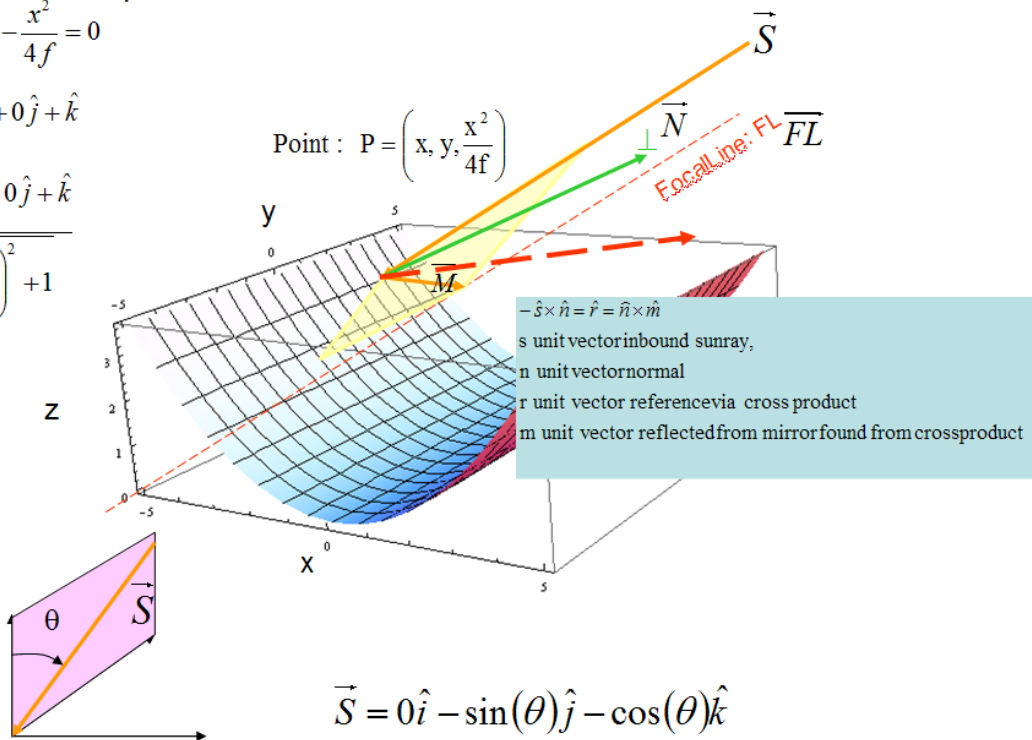
Parabolic Surface Equation

$$p(x, y, z) = z - \frac{x^2}{4f} = 0$$

$$\nabla p = -\frac{x}{2f} \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\hat{N} = \frac{-\frac{x}{2f} \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + \hat{k}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{x}{2f}\right)^2 + 1}}$$

☀ Sun



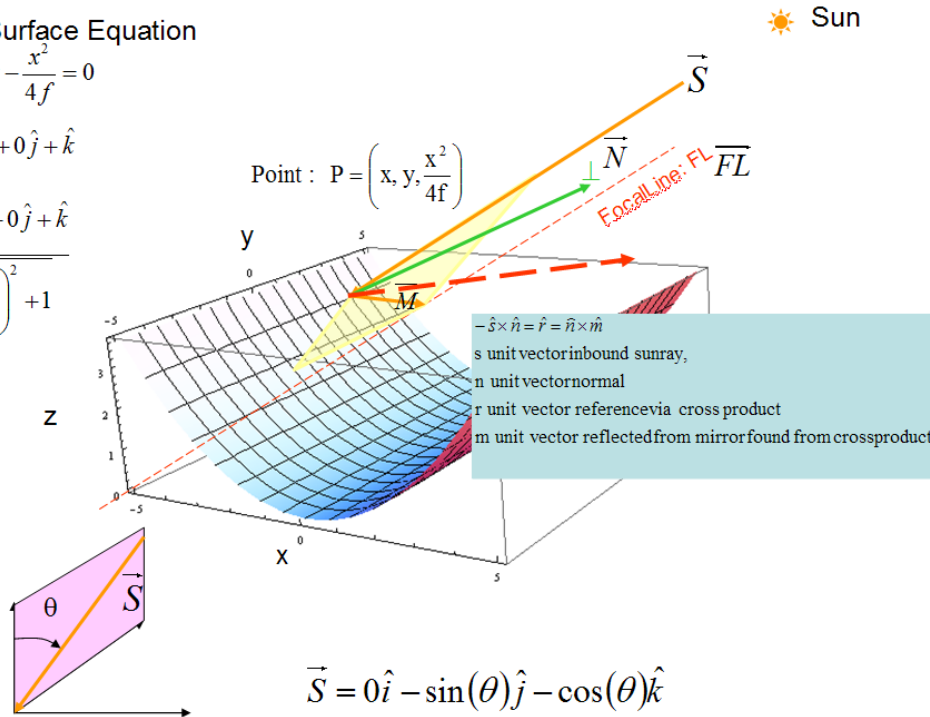
Parabolic Surface Equation

$$p(x, y, z) = z - \frac{x^2}{4f} = 0$$

$$\nabla p = -\frac{x}{2f} \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\hat{N} = \frac{-\frac{x}{2f} \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + \hat{k}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{x}{2f}\right)^2 + 1}}$$

Out[44]=



```
In[45]:= Clear[θ, x, y, z, f, nx, ny, nz, mx, my, mz, rx, ry, rz, sx, sy, sz];
Cross[{nx, ny, nz}, {mx, my, mz}]
```

Out[46]= {mz ny - my nz, -mz nx + mx nz, my nx - mx ny}

In[47]=

```
(* n, r, m refer to normal,
reference(from cross) and mirror (i.e., reflected from mirror, respectively
the -(nx sx +ny sy+nz sz) is to take care of the negative direction of S *)
Clear[nx, ny, nz, mx, my, mz, sx, sy, sz]
(*the -(nx sx +ny sy+nz sz) is to take care of the negative direction of S *)
Solve[{mz ny - my nz == rx, -mz nx + mx nz == ry, my nx - mx ny == rz,
-(nx sx + ny sy + nz sz) == nx mx + ny my + nz mz, mx rx + my ry + mz rz == 0,
nx rx + ny ry + nz rz == 0, sx rx + sy ry + sz rz == 0}, {mx, my, mz}]
```

Out[48]= {}

```
In[49]:= Clear[θ, x, y, z, f, nx, ny, nz, mx, my, mz, rx, ry, rz]
normalvectorS = {0, -Sin[θ Degree], -Cos[θ Degree]};
```

$$\text{normalvectorN} = \left\{ \frac{-x}{2f}, 0, 1 \right\} / \sqrt{\left(\frac{-x}{2f} \right)^2 + 1};$$

```
{sx, sy, sz} = {0, -Sin[θ Degree], -Cos[θ Degree]};
```

$$\{nx, ny, nz\} = \left\{ \frac{-x}{2f}, 0, 1 \right\} / \sqrt{\left(\frac{-x}{2f} \right)^2 + 1};$$

```
{rx, ry, rz} = Cross[-normalvectorS, normalvectorN];
```

```
In[55]:= Clear[mx, my, mz]
```

```
{mx, my, mz} =
```

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} & \left(-nx\,ny\,nz\,rx + nx^2\,nz\,ry - nx^2\,ny\,rz - ny^3\,rz - ny\,nz^2\,rz - nx^4\,sx - nx^2\,ny^2\,sx - nx^3\,ny\,sy - \right. \\ & \quad \left. nx\,ny^3\,sy - nx^3\,nz\,sz - nx\,ny^2\,nz\,sz \right) / \left((nx^2 + ny^2) (nx^2 + ny^2 + nz^2) \right), \frac{1}{nx^2 + ny^2} \\ & \left(nx\,rz - nx\,ny\,sx - ny^2\,sy - ny\,nz\,sz - \frac{ny\,nz\,(ny\,rx - nx\,ry - nx\,nz\,sx - ny\,nz\,sy - nz^2\,sz)}{nx^2 + ny^2 + nz^2} \right), \\ & \left. \frac{ny\,rx - nx\,ry - nx\,nz\,sx - ny\,nz\,sy - nz^2\,sz}{nx^2 + ny^2 + nz^2} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Out[56]} = \left\{ \frac{4f^2 \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2} \right) \left(-\frac{x^3 \cos[\theta]}{8f^3 \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2} \right)^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{4f^2+x^2}{f^2}} \cos[\theta]}{4f(4f^2+x^2) \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2} \right)^{3/2}} \right)}{x^2 \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2}} + \frac{x^2}{4f^2 \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2} \right)} \right)}, -\sin[\theta], \frac{\frac{\cos[\theta]}{1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2}} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{4f^2+x^2}{f^2}} \cos[\theta]}{2(4f^2+x^2) \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2}}}}{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2}} + \frac{x^2}{4f^2 \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{4f^2} \right)}} \right\}$$

```
In[57]:=
```

```
f = 1.71; θ = 60;
```

```
x = -2; y = 0; z =  $\frac{x^2}{4f}$ ;
```

```
{mx, my, mz}
```

$$\text{Out[59]} = \left\{ 0.435769, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0.245164 \right\}$$

In[60]:=

```
f = 1.71;
```

```
x = -2; y = 0; z =  $\frac{x^2}{4 f}$ ;
```

```
(*line is given by gradient of equation for plane: plane = p(x,y,z) = z -  $\frac{x^2}{4 f}$  ,
```

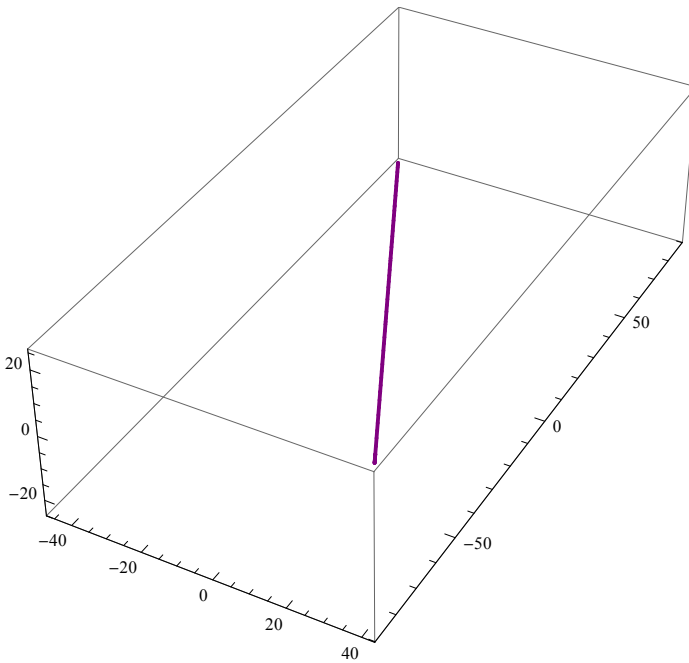
```
gradient = {  $-\frac{x}{2 f}$ , 0, 1 } *)
```

```
reflected = {x, y, z} + t {mx, my, mz};
```

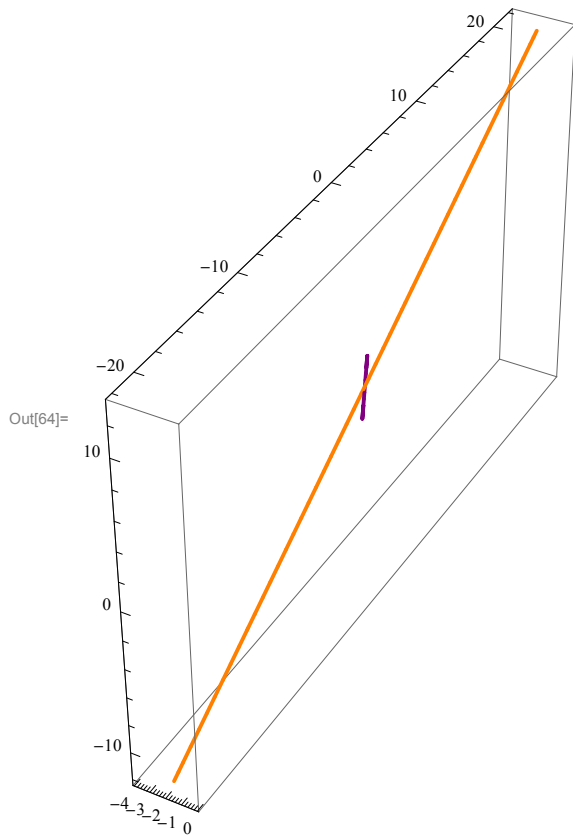
```
ReflectedLine =
```

```
ParametricPlot3D[reflected, {t, -100, 100}, PlotStyle -> {Thick, Purple}]
```

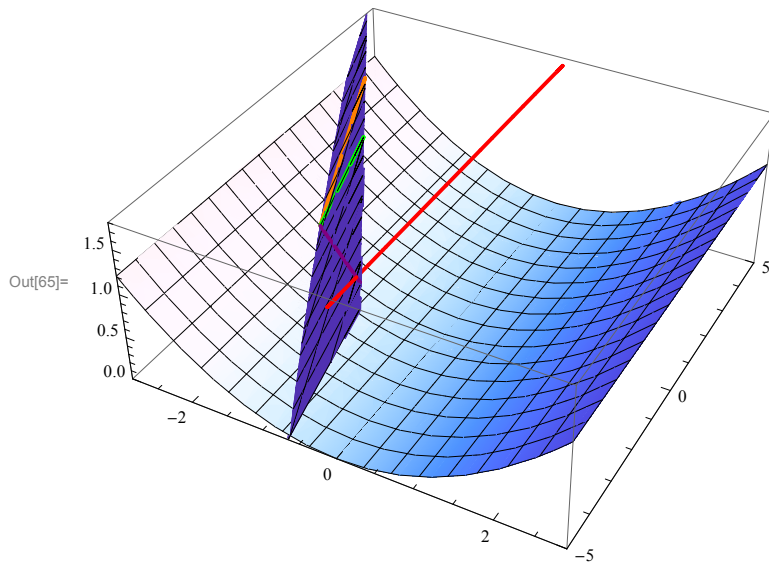
Out[63]=



In[64]:= Show[IncomingRay, ReflectedLine]



In[65]:= Show[Trough, IncomingRay, FocalLine, NormalLine, PlaneEquation, ReflectedLine]



In[66]=

`f = 1.71;`

`x = -2; y = 0; z = $\frac{x^2}{4 f}$;`

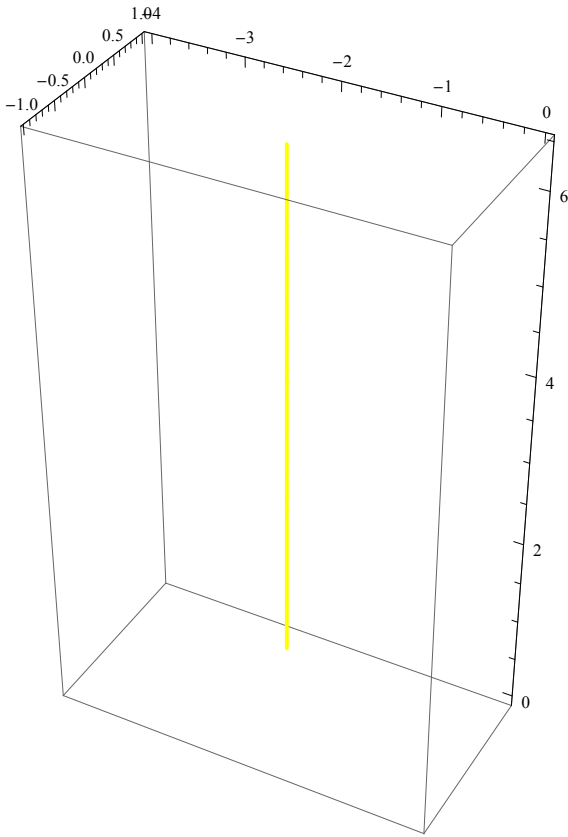
`(*line is given by gradient of equation for plane: plane = p(x,y,z) = z - $\frac{x^2}{4 f}$,`

`gradient = { $-\frac{x}{2 f}$, 0, 1}*)`

`paralleltoz = {x, y, z} + t {0, 0, z};`

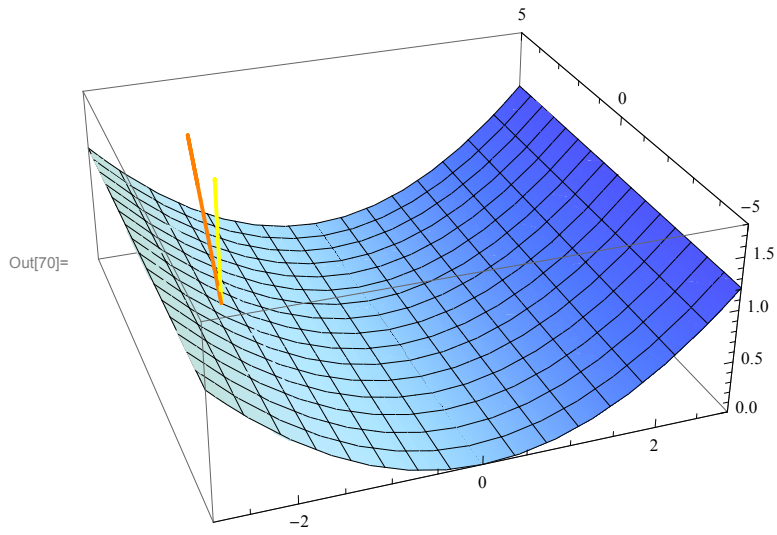
`ParallelToZLine =`

`ParametricPlot3D[paralleltoz, {t, 0, 10}, PlotStyle -> {Thick, Yellow}]`

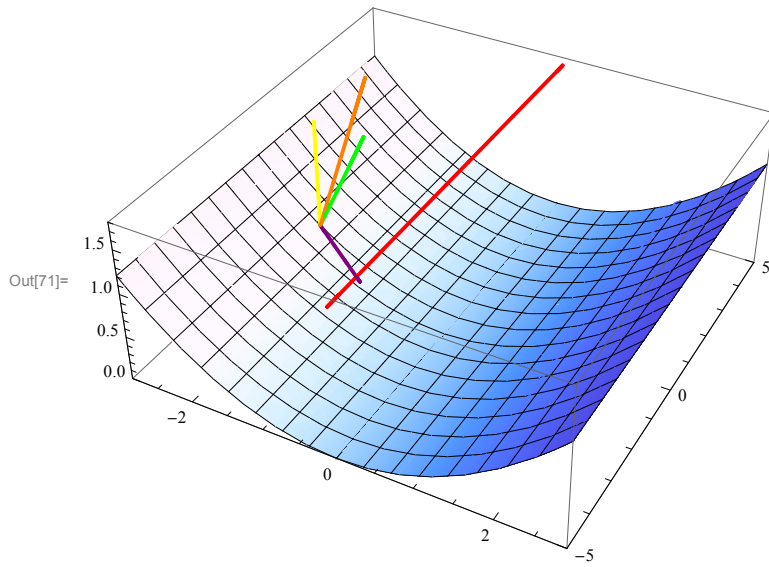


Out[69]=

```
In[70]:= Show[Trough, IncomingRay, ParallelToZLine]
```



```
In[71]:= Show[Trough, IncomingRay, FocalLine, ParallelToZLine, NormalLine, ReflectedLine]
```



```
In[72]:= Show[Trough, IncomingRay, FocalLine,  
ParallelToZLine, NormalLine, CylinderLine, ReflectedLine]
```

